



ANESTHESIA

This Quick Guide is intended for healthcare professionals and not for patients or consumers. The information in this Quick Guide is provided for general educational purposes, as a convenient quick reference and a supplement to professional experience, education and training, and should not be considered the exclusive source for this type of information. This Quick Guide does not replace or supersede device labeling, including instructions for use, which accompanies any FUJIFILM Sonosite product. At all times, it is the professional responsibility of the practitioner to exercise independent clinical judgment in each particular situation. FUJIFILM Sonosite assumes no responsibility or liability for any misuse of this Quick Guide.



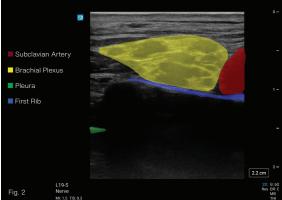
SONOSITE



SUPRACLAVICULAR BRACHIAL PLEXUS BLOCK

The supraclavicular brachial plexus block provides anesthesia and analgesia to the upper extremity, distal to the shoulder





This Quick Guide is intended for healthcare professionals and not for patients or consumers. The information in this Quick Guide is provided for general educational purposes, as a convenient quick reference and a supplement to professional experience, education and training, and should not be considered the exclusive source for this type of information. This Quick Guide does not replace or supersede device labeling, including instructions for use, which accompanies any FUJIFILM Sonosite product. At all times, it is the professional responsibility of the practitioner to exercise independent clinical judgment in each particular situation.

FUJIFILM Sonsite dearways are registered training proposal bility for any misuse of this Quick Quick SCOIOSTE and the responsible part per registered training the registered training training the registered training traini



SONOSITE



SUPRACLAVICULAR BRACHIAL PLEXUS BLOCK

The supraclavicular brachial plexus block is used to provide anesthesia and analgesia for surgeries of the upper extremity, distal to the shoulder.

Objective:

Spread of local anesthetic surrounding the brachial plexus lateral to the subclavian artery and superior to the 1st rib.

Clinical Pearls:

- Use a high frequency linear transducer on a nerve exam type
- Position the patient supine with the head turned to the contralateral side
- · Approximate depth 2-3 cm
- The transducer is placed transversely, mid-clavicle within the supraclavicular fossa
- The brachial plexus is located lateral to the subclavian artery and superior to the first rib. It is often seen in the 1-3 o'clock position adjacent to the subclavian artery
- Ideal ultrasound image of the supraclavicular brachial plexus should include: First rib, subclavian artery, and pleura. A clear delineation between the artery and brachial plexus should be visualized
- In-plane needle insertion with a lateral to medial approach
- Color Doppler can be utilized to confirm subclavian artery position along with identification of any vessel anatomical variations





This Quick Guide is intended for healthcare professionals and not for patients or consumers. The information in this Quick Guide is provided for general educational purposes, as a convenient quick reference and a supplement to professional experience, education and training, and should not be considered the exclusive source for this type of information. This Quick Guide does not replace or supersede device labeling, including instructions for use, which accompanies any FUJIFILM Sonosite product. At all times, it is the professional responsibility of the practitioner to exercise independent clinical judgment in each particular situation.

FLUIFILM Sensitive assumes of responsibility or liability for any misuse of this Quick Guick Globe Schools and the Sonotal Engage responsibility or liability for any misuse of this Quick Guick Globe Schools and the Sonotal Engage Responsibility of Fluifilm Accounts and the So